

The Europa 2020 Strategy & the Ensuing Proposal of Slovak National Reform Programme for 2011 (NRP)

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The Europa 2020 Strategy & the Ensuring Proposal of Slovak NRP for 2011



- Europa 2020 Strategy

- Integrated country surveillance
- European Semester
- Strategy

II - Slovak proposal of NRP Approach to identify priority areas

- Exemplify priority indentification
- Structural indicators

III - Conclusion Focusing on the major starting blocks now



Europa 2020 Strategy Background



The global financial and economic crisis

Where was the Europeean Union in 2009?

GDP growth: - 4 %

Industrial

production: - 20 %

Unemployment rise: 7 million people

Unemployed: 23 million people

Public deficit: > 7 % of GDP

Europa 2020 Strategy – Get out of the crisis

Lower growth potential, productivity gap, poverty, unemployment and limited fiscal room downed on EU s structural weaknesses

Master global challenges

Prioritize fast exit from the crisis

Run the Europa 2020 Strategy





Integrated country surveillance

Europe 2020 Strategy s Integrated Guidelines

Stability and Growth Pact

Thematic coordination

Macroeconomic surveillance

Fiscal surveillance

National level

National Reform Programmes

Stability/Convergence Programmes

EU level

European Commission s Annual Growth Survey
EU Annual recommendations and policy guidance
EU flagship initiatives





1.1 The European Semester

Integrated economic surveillance & governance

Europe 2020 Strategy

Macro-economic surveillance

Procedure for monitoring, preventing and correcting macro-economic imbalances

Enforcement

Excessive imbalances procedure

Stability and Growth Pact

Fiscal surveillance

Corrective arm of the Stability and Growth Pact

Preventive arm of the Stability and Growth Pact

Minimum requirements of national fiscal frameworks

Enforcement

Excessive deficit procedure





1.2 The European Semester

Timing and sequence of integrated surveillance									
Cycle	۱-	· [[[IV V - VII Autumn						
Policy guidance to EU Country - specific surveillance									
European Commission		nual n survey	Spring forecast	Proposals for policy guidance	Peer review at EU level				
Council of Ministers	Debate			Adoption of guidance					
European Parliament	Debate								
European Council		Annual economic summit		Endorsement of guidance					
Member states			Adoption of * NRP & S/CP		National level's decisions				

^{*} NRPs & SCPs - National Reform Programmes & Stability /Convergence Programmes





Continuing the Lisbon Strategy



National Reform Programmes

Competence of individual EU Member States





Priorities, targets and initiatives

Thematic priorities (n=3)

Flagship initiatives (n=7)

Smart growth

Sustainable growth

Inclusive growth

Targets

- Innovation Union
- Youth on the move
- A digital agenda for Europe
- Resource-efficient Europe
- An industrial policy for the globalisation area
- An agenda for new skills & jobs
- EU Platform against Poverty

Specific indicators of initiatives



Europa 2020 Strategy Targets



Measurable indicators	2008	2009	2020
Employment rate by gender, age group 20-64 (%)	70,5	69,1	75,0
Gross domestic expenditure on R&D (%)	1,9	2,0	3,0
Greenhouse gas emissions, base year 1990 (%)	88,7	-	80,0
Share of renewables in gross final energy consumption (%)	10,3	-	20,0
Energy intensity of the economy, base years 2001-2005 (%)	90,2	-	80,0
Early leavers from education by gender, age group 18-24 (%)	14,9	14,4	10,0
Tertiary educational attainment by gender, age group 30-34 (%)	31,0	32,0	40,0
Population at risk of poverty or social exclusion (%)	24,5	23,1	19,0



The Europa 2020 Strategy a strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth

II - Slovak proposal Approach to identify priority areas

- Exemplify priority indentification
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III - Conclusion Focusing on the major starting blocks now





Improve education, employment and business environment

Priority areas of interest

Quality of life Education **Employment** Transparency and Business Health enforceability of R&D and social environment status right Innovation inclusion **Environmental** Social **Fiscal Sustainability**





Example: identifying priority areas

Slovakia compared to the EU-15 in 2007

GDP per capita 62 % EU-15

Labour productivity 64 % EU-15

Labour market 91 % EU-15

Demography 107 % EU-15

- 84 % capital formation
- 80 % total factor productivity
- 101 % employee education
- 90 % unemployment rate
- 96 % employment of the young aged 15 to 24
- 101 % employment of both the genders
- 98 % employment of the 55 to 64-year old
- 107 % hours worked





1.1 Structural indicators

Education, science and innovation

Structural indicators		2008	2009	2020
Program for Intl Student Assessment – PISA a) Average point score based on OECD	SK	-	488	505
Early leavers from education by gender	SK	6,0	4,9	6,0
& age group 18-24 (%) b)	EU	14,9	14,4	10,0
Relative number of citations SK / EU-27 a)	SK	0,44	-	0,70
Tertiary education by gender & age group 30 – 34 (%) b)		16,0	18,0	40,0
		31,0	32,0	40,0
Gross domestic expenditure on R&D	SK	0,47	0,48	1,00
as % of GDP b)	EU	1,90	2,01	3,00
High-tech export as % of total export a)	SK	5,0	-	14,0

a) Specific Slovak NRP targets

b) Targets of the Europa 2020 Strategy





1.2 Structural indicators

Employment and social inclusion

Structural indicators		2008	2009	2020
Francis months by gooden are group 20 C4 (0/) b)	SK	66,8	66,9	71,0
Employment rate by gender, age group 20-64 (%) b)		70,5	69,1	75,0
Long-term unemployment, age group over 15 (%) a)	SK	6,6	6,5	3,0
Deputation at risk of new arts of social evaluaism (0/)		20,6	19,6	17,0
Population at risk of poverty of social exclusion (%)	EU	24,5	23,1	19,0

Business environment

Doing Business Index (ranking) a)		-	40	15
Product market regulation index (score – OECD) a)	SK	1,63	-	1,20
E-government Index (%) a)	SK	-	58,3	90,0

a) Specific Slovak NRP targets

b) Targets of the Europa 2020 Strategy





1.3 Structural indicators

Transparent environment & enforceability of rights

Structural indicators		2008	2009	2020
Corruption Indicator CORR (%) a)	SK	-	61	80

Health

Healthy life years (expected number of births a)	SK	52,0	-	60,0
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Environmental sustainability

Croophouse are emissions been year 1000 (9/) b)	SK	66,1	-	87,0
Greenhouse gas emissions, base year 1990 (%) b)		88,7	1	80,0
Share of renewables in gross final energy consumption (%) b)		8,4	-	14,0
		10,3	1	20,0
Energy intensity of the economy, base years 2001-2005 (% of GDP) b)		67,8	-	89,0
		90,2	-	80,0

a) Specific Slovak NRP targets

b) Targets of the Europa 2020 Strategy





The Europa 2020 Strategy - a strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth

A proposal of Slovak National Reform Programme for 2011 – improve education, employment and business environment

III - Conclusion
Focusing on the major starting
blocks now



Conclusion



The Europe 2020 Strategy & the Ensuring Proposal of Slovak NRP for 2011

The major EU-Semester starting blocks now

Using more powers to monitor and supervise national budgets of the EU Member States

Macroeconomic supervision and monitoring competitiveness

Enhanced sanctions for non-compliance but also – positive incentives for rewarding measures

Suspending either the voting rights or the use of EU funds

Supervising to collect reliable national statistical data



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