

THE ROLE OF KNI IN ACHIEVING THE SDGs IN ARMENIA



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THE CONTROL CHAMBER OF THE REPUBLIC OF ARMENIA

REPUBLIC OF ARMENIA

- ✧ AREA: **29,743 sq km**
- ✧ POPULATION: **3,018,854**
- ✧ INDEPENDENCE: **SEP. 21 1991**
- ✧ BORDERS with **Georgia, Azerbaijan, Iran and Turkey**
- ✧ Christianity adopted in **301 AD** (1st in the world)
- ✧ Alphabet created in **405 AD**



THE CONTROL CHAMBER AT A GLANCE

1996	The Control Chamber of Armenia was founded
2007	The New Law on the Control Chamber came into force. The Chamber became independent and enhanced with more powers.
2015	Referendum passed on the New Constitution.
2017 – 2018	After the electoral cycle, the semi-presidential system will change to a parliamentary system. Activities are being undertaken towards the preparation of the Laws on “ <i>The Audit Chamber of Armenia</i> ” and “ <i>Service in the Audit Chamber of Armenia</i> ” which will serve as basis for the work of the Chamber.

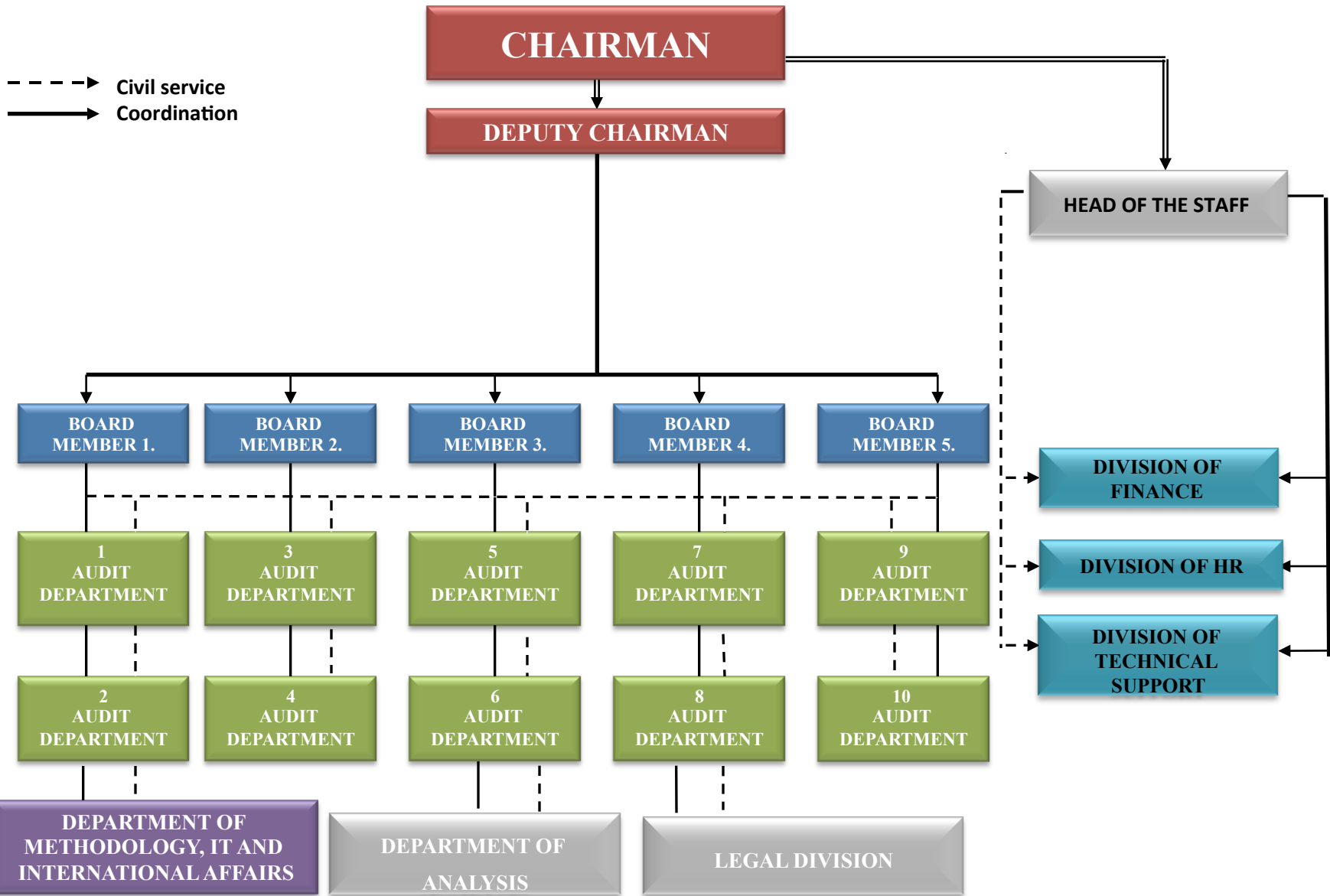
CHAPTER 13 OF THE CONSTITUTION

Article 198.

Functions and Powers of the Audit Chamber

“The Control Chamber is an independent state body that shall perform audit of the legal and efficient utilization of state and municipal budget funds, loans and borrowings received, as well as the state and community owned property, in the field of public finance and ownership.”

PRESENT STRUCTURE



THE CONTROL CHAMBER AND KNIs

A strong economy is essential for *ensuring funds for economic and social programs*, especially in a country with limited budget resources, the effective expenditure of every penny is important.

The following *changes and activities* present firm steps towards this goal in the context of the reforms currently taking place in Armenia

NEW CHANGES AND ACTIVITIES

1. A new environment where **the role of the SAI changes essentially.**

2. Consistent and constructive steps towards **strengthening the role of the KNI**

3. Create an SAI that **functions on the basis of the INTOSAI standards**

4. Provide **compensation (salary) and training** of the staff.

5. Maintenance of their **political neutrality**

6. **Independence** from the public administration system.

7. Importance of the **post audit phase**

8. Mechanisms for combating corruption

9. **Preventive** rather than punitive

UN SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AGENDA: PROGRESS ON SDGs IN ARMENIA

The National Council was created by the Government in July 2002

Decree “On approving the program of sustainable development of Armenia 2008-2021” approved in October 2008

Decree on “Strategic Development Plan of the Republic of Armenia for 2014-2025” approved in March 2014, simultaneously annulled the previous Decree

PROGRESS on SDG 16.6 *“Create effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels”*

September 2011, the Republic of Armenia has joined the "Open Government" initiative

Principles of << one window >> and a <<hot line >>, to strengthen the fight against corruption and protect the rights of citizens

NATIONAL STATISTICAL SERVICE OF ARMENIA: KEY STATISTICAL DATA AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Implementation of national programs and strategies

Essential components of good governance.

NATIONAL STATISTICAL SERVICE OF ARMENIA: KEY STATISTICAL DATA AND ACCOUNTABILITY

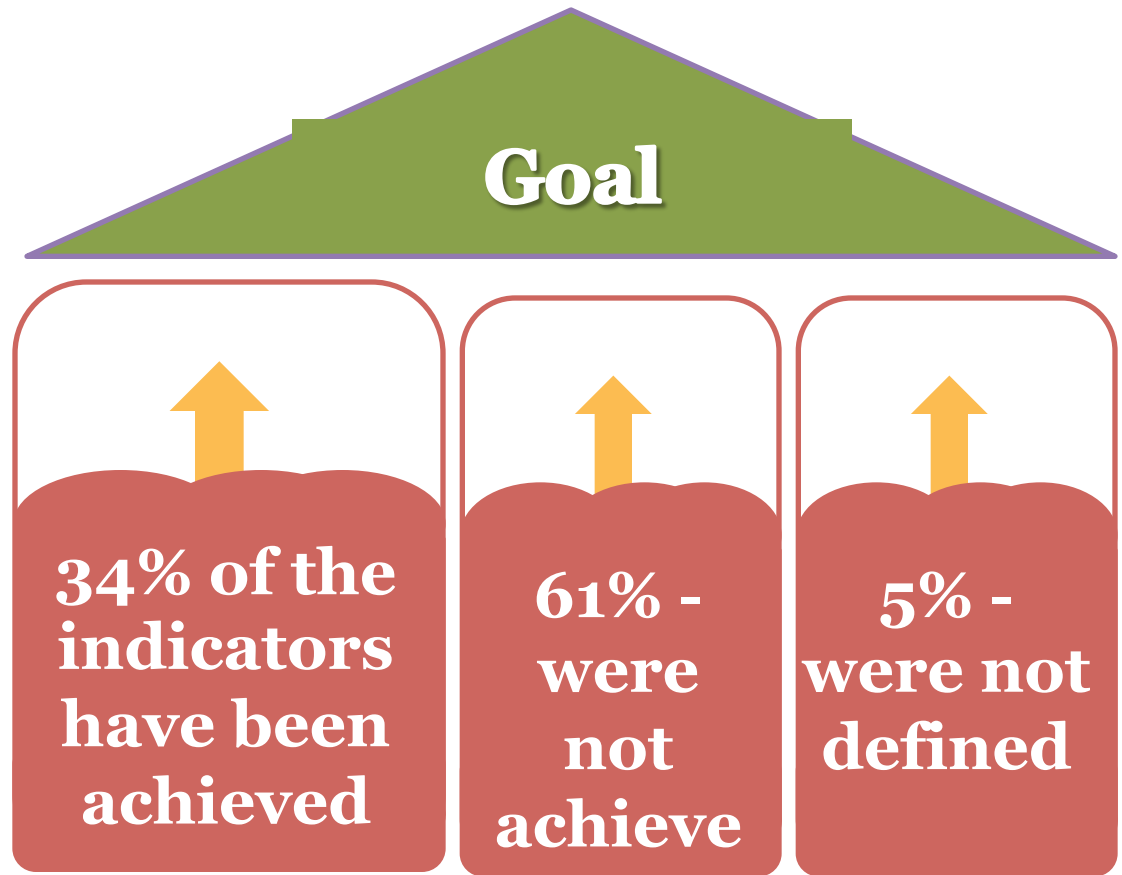
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quarterly and
annual reports
on..**

**Active
cooperation with
international
statistical
services**

- **Food security and poverty**
- **The issues of demography and medical research**
- **Environment and natural resources**
- **Socio-economic situation**
- **Financial statistics, etc.**

PROGRESS ON SDGs

The achievement of the 17 sustainable development goals is assessed by 65 indicators



PROGRESS ON SDGs

Funding for economic and social programs,

The effectiveness and capacity of the Government

The capability of the human capital

The knowledge and skills of the population

**OVERALL KEY BINDING
CONSTRAINTS FOR ARMENIA**

PROSPECTS OF SUCCESSFUL IMPLEMENTATION OF THE UN SDGs



THANK YOU